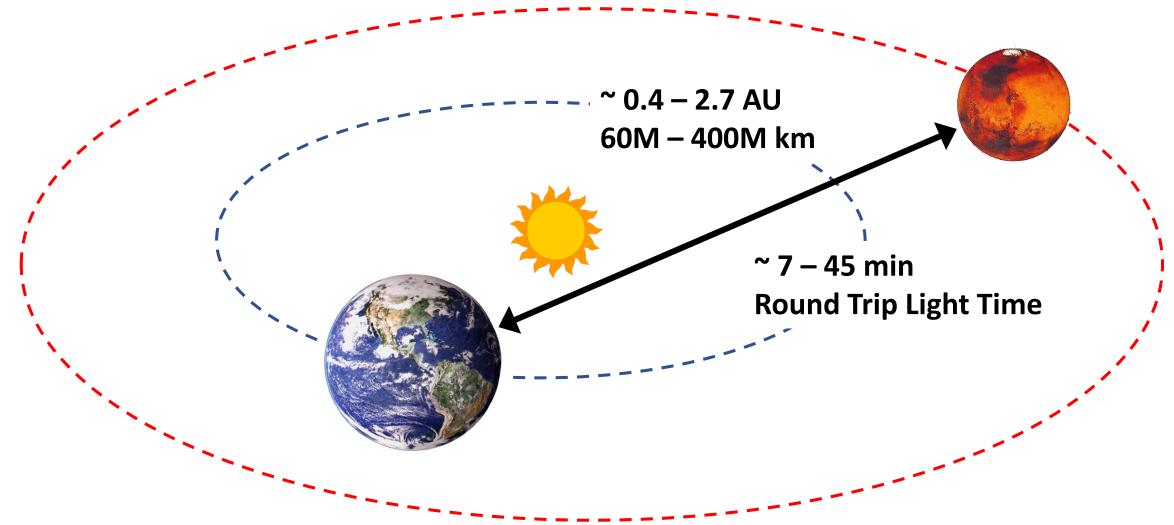
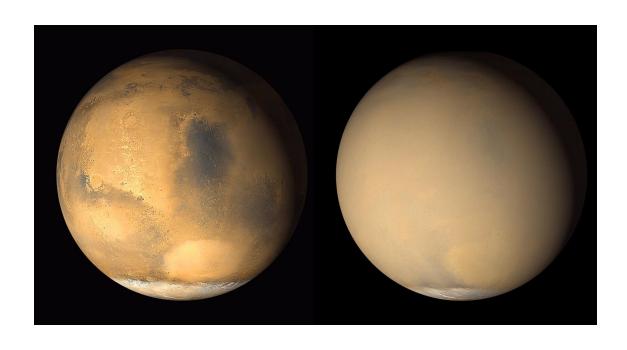
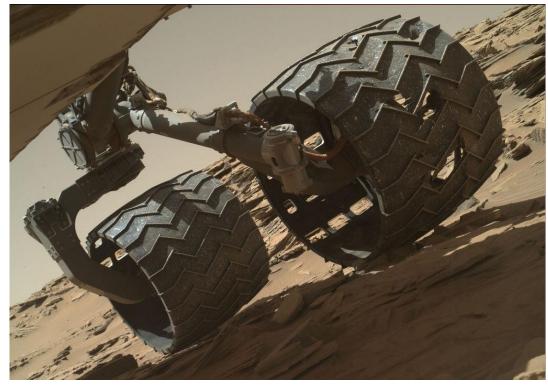


Key drivers for autonomy: Long Round-Trip Light Time

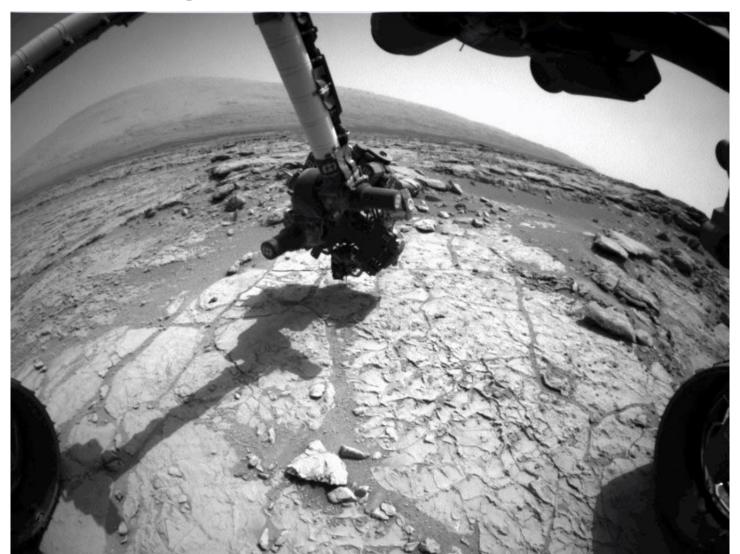


Key drivers for autonomy: Unpredictable Environments





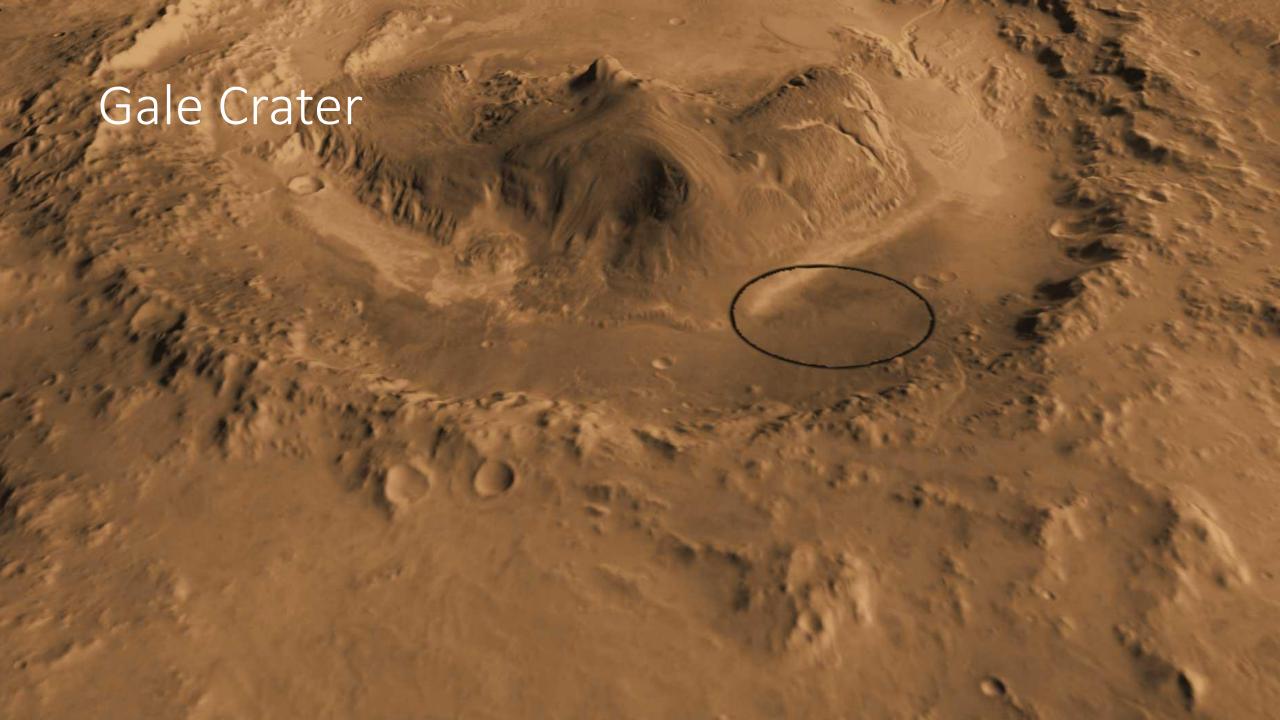
Key drivers for autonomy: Contact Investigations



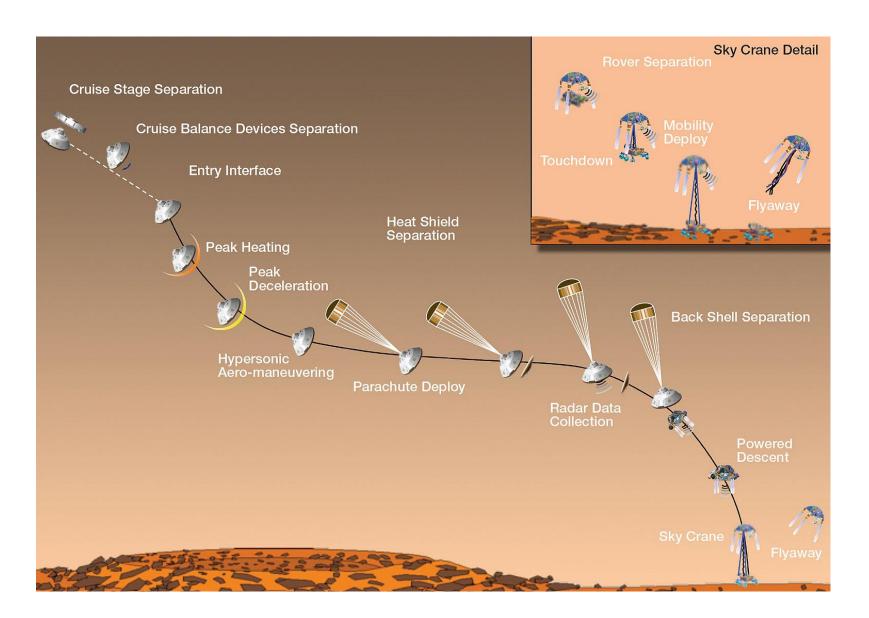
Curiosity Rover



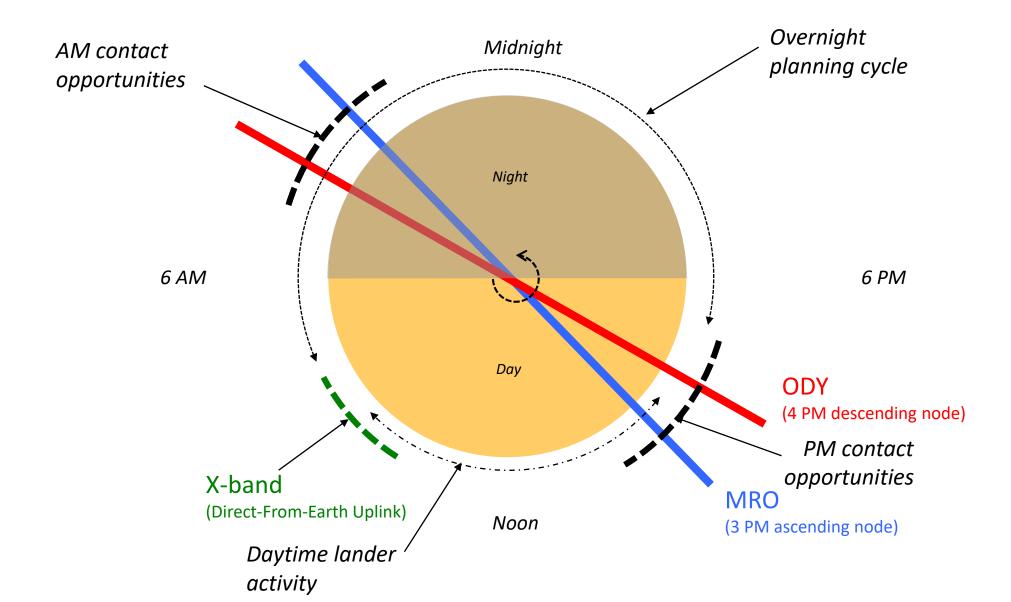
Cameras	 Mast Camera (Mastcam) Mars Hand Lens Imager (MAHLI) Mars Descent Imager (MARDI)
Spectrometers	 Alpha Particle X-Ray Spectrometer (APXS) Chemistry & Camera (ChemCam)
Analytical Instruments	 Chemistry & Mineralogy X-Ray Diffraction/X-Ray Fluorescence Instrument (CheMin) Sample Analysis at Mars (SAM) Instrument Suite
Radiation Detectors	Radiation Assessment Detector (RAD)Dynamic Albedo of Neutrons (DAN)
Environmental Sensors	 Rover Environmental Monitoring Station (REMS)
Atmospheric Sensors	 Mars Science Laboratory Entry Descent and Landing Instrument (MEDLI)



Autonomy for Landing



Rover Operations: Sol by Sol...

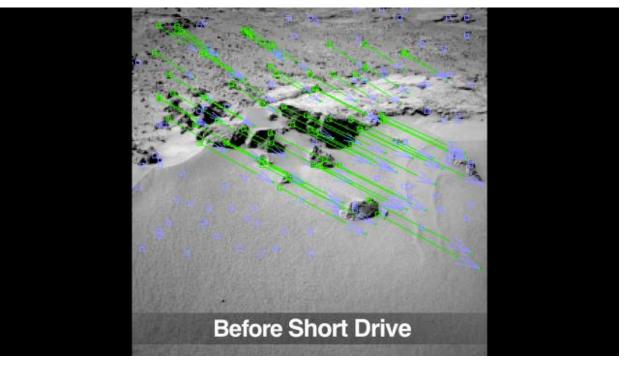


Rover Navigation



AutoNav

Visual Odometry



Challenging Terrain...

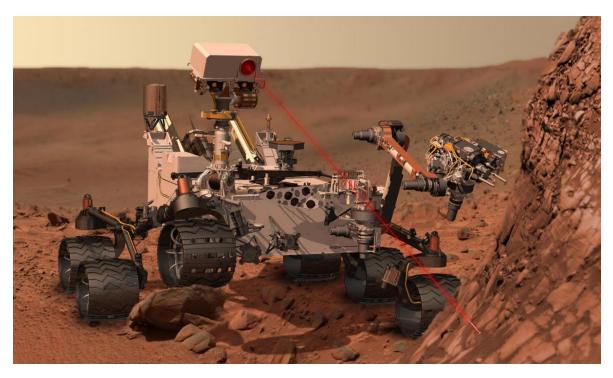


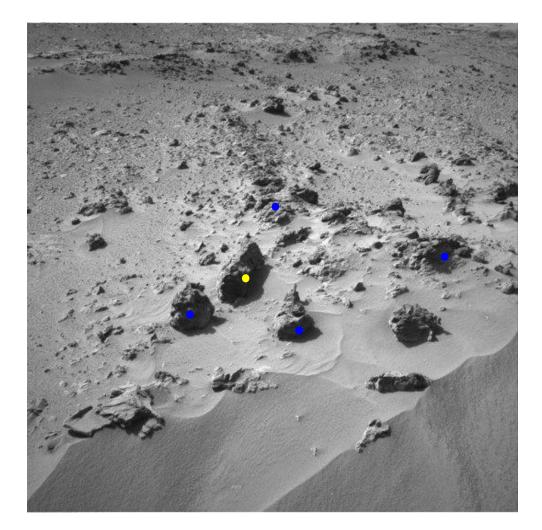




Intelligent Science Acquisition

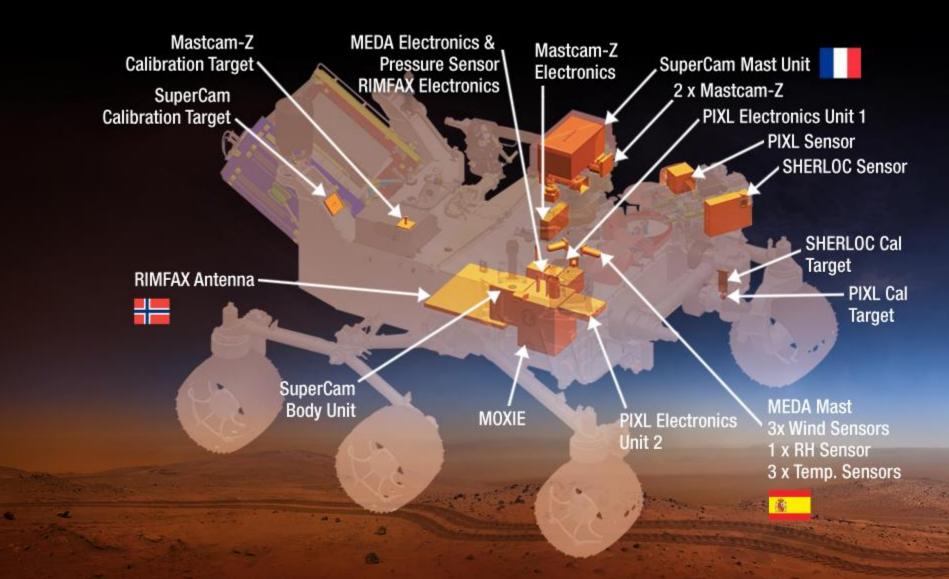
- AEGIS = "Autonomous Exploration for Gathering Increased Science
 - Currently supporting autonomous targeting of Curiosity ChemCam instrument



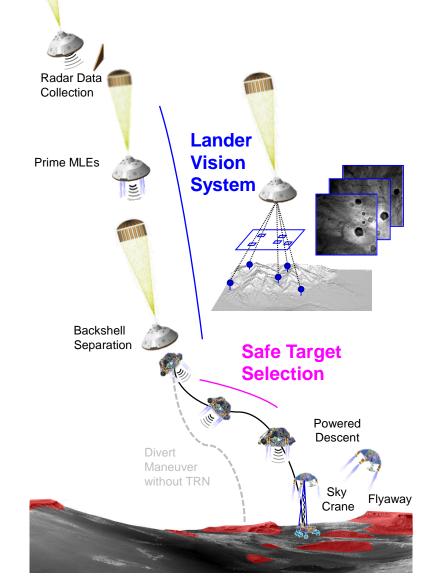


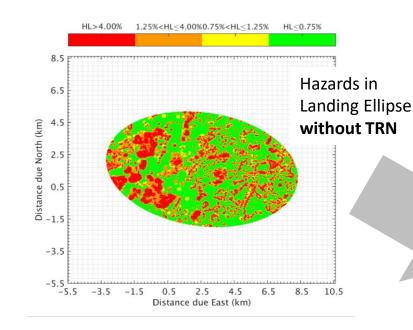
POC: Tara Estlin/JPL

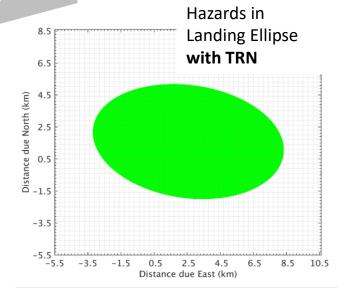
Mars 2020 Rover



Improved Landing: Terrain-Relative Navigation







Mars Sample Return – Notional Architecture

Mars 2020

- Select & Acquire Samples
- Deposit samples for future retrieval





Sample tube on Mars surface

MSR-Lander Concept

- Small Fetch Rover to Retrieve Samples
- Small MAV on Fixed Platform
- Launch Samples from Mars Surface to ~500km Orbit

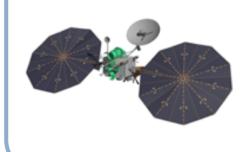




Orbiting
Sample
(OS)
canister in
Mars orbit

MSR-Orbiter Concept

- Rendezvous & Sample Containment
- Return to Earth
- Earth Entry Vehicle





Sample returned to earth

Rapelling Rover Concepts for Extreme Terrain Access

